

Ubiquitous Computing: *When UbiComp meets VR (U-VR)*

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Outline



- Introduction
 - My vision: What happen in 10 years?
 - What's UbiComp & WearComp?
 - What's U-VR? Why? & How?

- Applications of U-VR
 - Civilian: Home, Office, Car, etc.
 - What about Military?

- Discussion

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- Future Computing Environment (in 5-10 years)
 - Ubiquitous computing (networking)
 - Convergence, e.g.,
 - Computing vs. Communications
 - Digital vs. Analog
 - Virtual vs. Real
 - Human-centered intelligence

- Main focus of KJIST U-VR Lab
 - Goal: to increase "Quality of Life"
 - Focus: U-VR for holistic smart environment

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- What's Ubiquitous Computing (UbiComp)?

"The most profound technologies are those that disappear. They weave themselves into the fabric of everyday life until they are indistinguishable from it"

- by Mark Weiser "The Computer for the 21st Century," Scientific American, vol.253, no.3, pp.94-104, Sep. 1991

- Beyond the PC: in the midst of a shift
 - Implicit input & ambient output
- Related areas
 - Ubiquitous (Xerox), pervasive (IBM),
 - Embodied (MSU), Context-aware, situation-aware,
 - Wearable, Smart & tangible space, etc.



Dr. M. Weiser
(52-99)

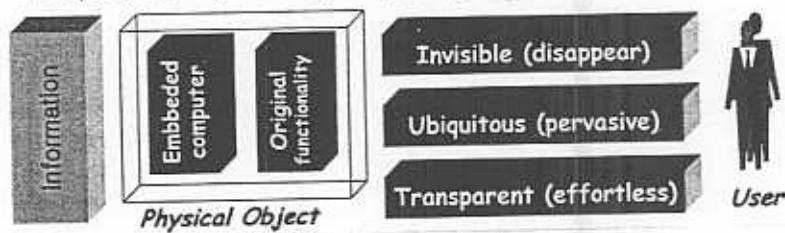
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▪ We define UbiComp as

"Any computing technology that allows human to do just-in-time interaction with environment through embedded yet invisible interfaces."

- by UbiComp group in U-VR Lab @ KJIST

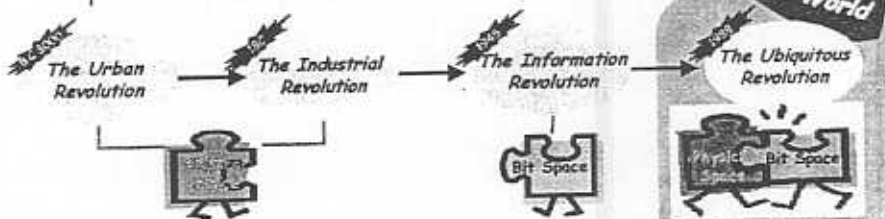
▪ Anytime, Anywhere, Anything



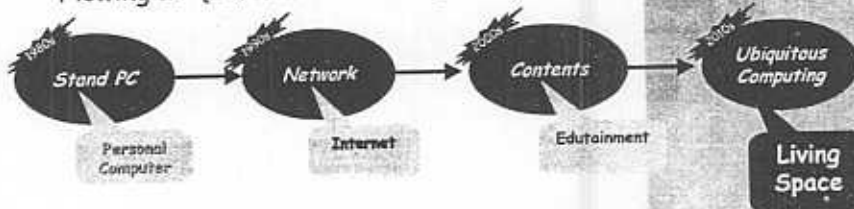
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▪ What's UbiComp?

▪ Space Revolution in human history

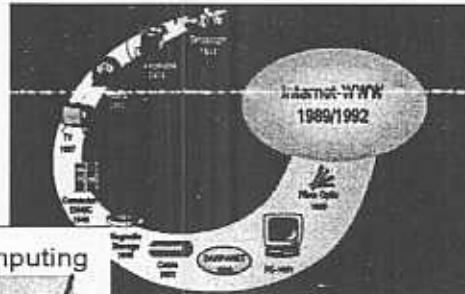


▪ Flowing IT (Information Tech.)

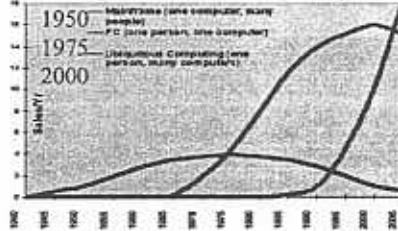


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History and Trend



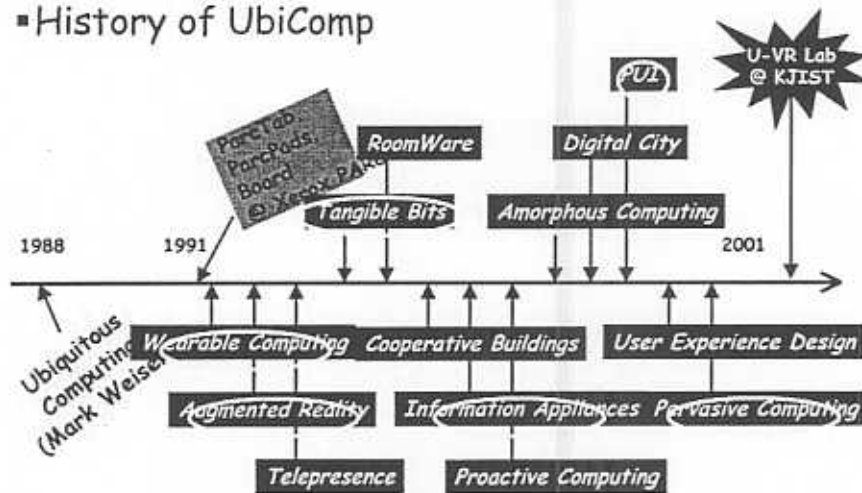
The Major Trends in Computing



the 3rd wave in computing is coming!!!

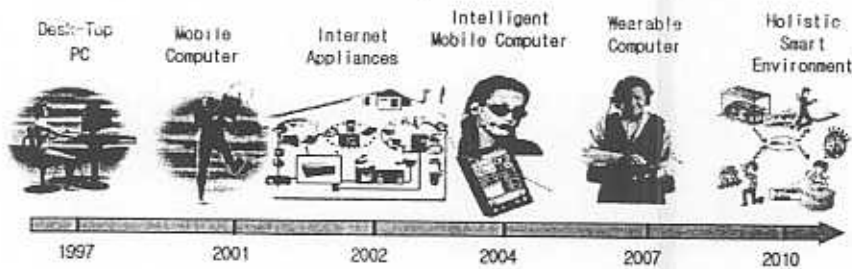
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History of UbiComp



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▪ The Shift to UbiComp: Where are we?



- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ WIMP-centric ▪ Generic machines ▪ Client-server
Monolithic apps ▪ One person, one application,
one set of hardware | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Invisible/implicit interaction ▪ Dedicated appliances ▪ Universal "glue-like" connectivity ▪ Infrastructure-centric services ▪ Multi-person, multi-application,
multi-device integration |
|---|--|--|

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▪ UbiComp Components

- Pervasive/ubiquitous networking
 - Pervasive sensing, monitoring, tracking
 - GPS, GIS, Sensor networks
 - Embedded smart (bio) sensors & id tags
 - Context-aware
 - User/object identification, location, etc.
-
- What about user?
 - Mobile/wearable devices
 - Wearable computing

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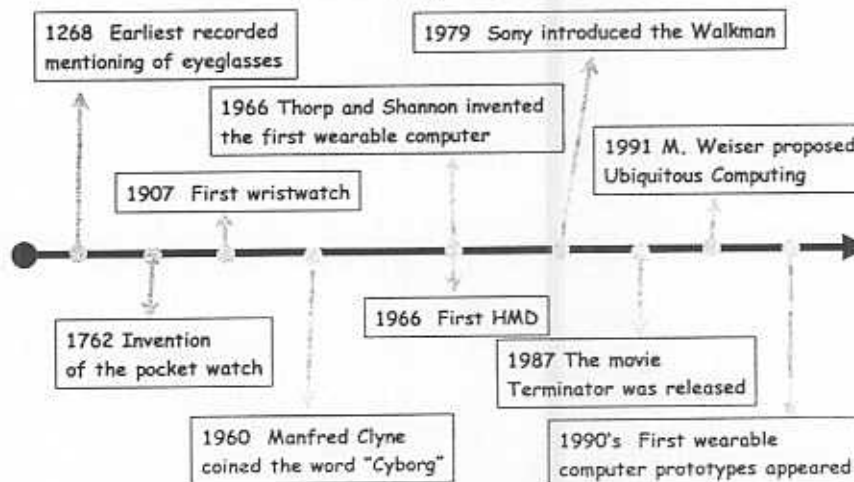
- What's WearComp?
 - My fuzzy definition
 - Always ON: working, sensing, acting while moving around
 - Always accessible: context-aware & unobtrusive
 - Always part of the user
 - Hand free & multimodal perceptual interfaces
 - Components
 - System: belt or backpack
 - Navigation: Position sensing, navigational display
 - Multi-modal I/O: keyboard, speech, HMD, etc.
 - Processing: context-based sorting & filtering
 - Networking: wireless LAN, IR, RF, etc.
 - Information Gathering: access to pervasive DB



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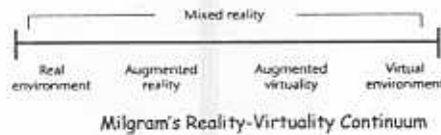


Wearable Computing Synopsis



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- VR
 - Replace reality
- AR
 - Enhance reality
 - The surrounding env. is real
 - Supplements reality, rather than completely replacing it
 - Virtual and real objects coexist in the same space
 - 3D virtual objects are integrated into a 3D real environment in real time
 - Interactive in real time



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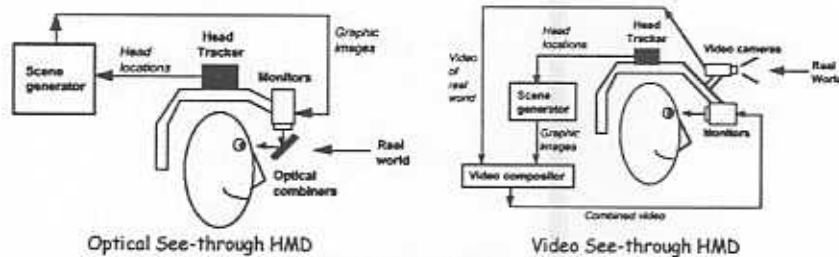
- WearComp output display is AR!
 - Seamless integration of real & virtual worlds
 - To enhance reality
 - Remembrance agent
 - Face recognition
 - Physically-based hypertext
 - Navigation aid
 - Augmented memory
- HMD
 - 2D HMD vs. 3D HMD
 - See-through HMD: video vs. optical
 - Head stabilized
 - Body stabilized
 - World stabilized



Increasing registration
& tracking requirements

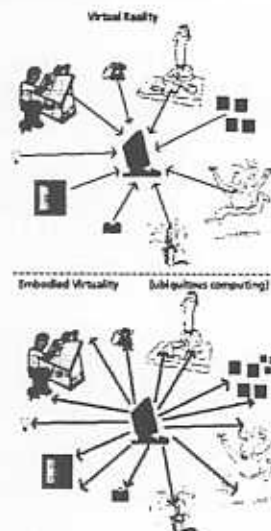
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- See-through HMD:
 - Optical See-through
 - The AR overlay through a transparent display
 - Video See-through
 - Using video capture from head-worn video cameras as a background for the AR overlay



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- VR vs. UbiComp
 - VR (there):
 - puts people in a computer-generated world
 - UbiComp (here & right now):
 - forces the computer to live out here in the world with people
- What's U-VR?
 - Back to real world !!!
 - U-VR = UbiComp + VR
 - HCI in mixed world (real + virtual)
 - Networked wearable AR
 - Welcome! There are enormous fun challenges in U-VR world !!!



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- Aimed at
 - Exploring the synergy of 2 promising fields
 - Ubiquitous computing/networking:
 - VR or Augmented reality (AR):
 - 3D displays are used to overlay a synthesized world on top of the real world

MARS (Mobile Augmented Reality Systems)

Hardware

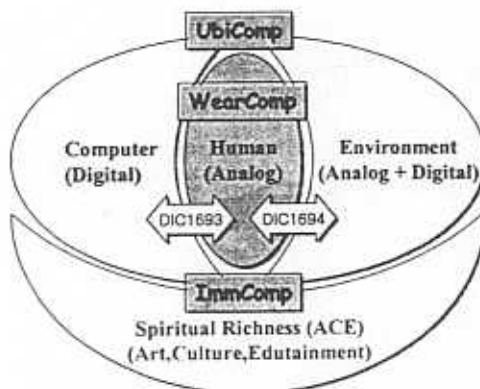
- backpack computer
- differential GPS system
- head-worn display interface (w/ orientation tracker)
- spread spectrum radio communication link
- a small stylus-operated computer

Software

- Cosaris
- <http://www.cs.columbia.edu/graphics/projects/mars>

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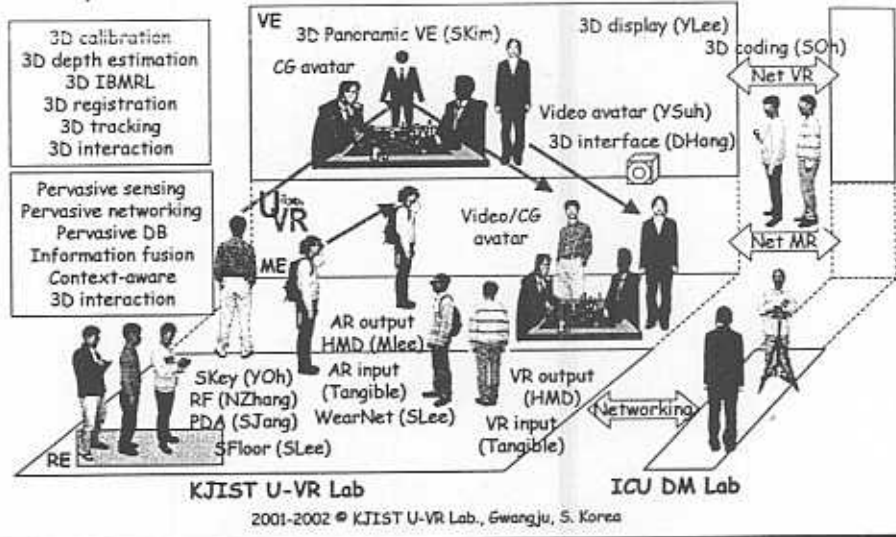
- Main focus of KJIST U-VR Lab
 - Goal: to increase "Quality of Life"
 - Focus: UPI for holistic smart environment



- What's Holistic Smart?
 - Material & Spiritual richness
- What's UPI?
 - Ubiquitous computing/communications (Environment)
 - UbiComp: Pervasive sensing, Context-aware
 - Personalized computing/communications (HUMAN)
 - WearComp: AR for 3D HMD, Emotional agents
 - Immersive computing/communications (Interaction)
 - ImmComp: (Networked) I-cubed media systems

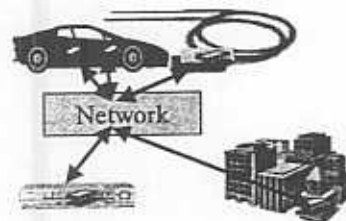
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My Vision: Let's move toward U-VR



UbiComp/WearComp Challenges

- Sensing & Context-aware
- Interoperability
- Security & Privacy
- Interface:
 - HCI or Human Environment Interaction
- Cost & Killer Applications





- Why context?
 - Implicit interaction (vs. explicit)
 - Reduce the communication overhead for users
 - Human-centered smart services
 - Smart relationship btw user and computers

- What's context?
 - 5W-1H: who, what, where, when, how & why

- Difficulty
 - Where < Who < What < When < How << Why



- Context: what we'd like to know
 - Where
 - Are people within an environment?
 - Are people within a community?
 - Are objects within an environment?
 - Is someone looking?
 - Who
 - Who is within an environment?
 - What
 - What is that object in the environment?
 - What are people doing within an environment?



- Context: what we'd like to know
 - When
 - Did some action A occur before, after or during, action B?
 - What will people do next?
 - How
 - In what way did someone perform some action?
 - How are people in the environment feeling?
 - Why
 - What are people saying about their motivations?
 - How is emotional state impacting activity?
 - What are the reasons for people acting as they are?

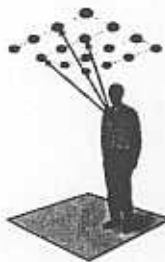
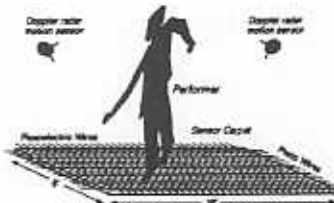
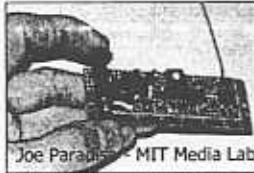


- How to aware context
 - Pervasive sensing: instrument a space with sensors
 - Context analysis
- Pervasive Sensing with Available Sensors
 - Embedded sensors
 - Tag-based people and object tracking
 - Indoor vs. Outdoor
 - Unencumbering object/people tracking
 - Visual sensing : Gesture/activity recognition
 - Acoustic sensing: Speech/sound recognition
 - Affective sensing



▪ Embedded sensors

- Simple switches
- RFID
- IR tags
- RF tags
- Ultrasound tags
- Visual tags

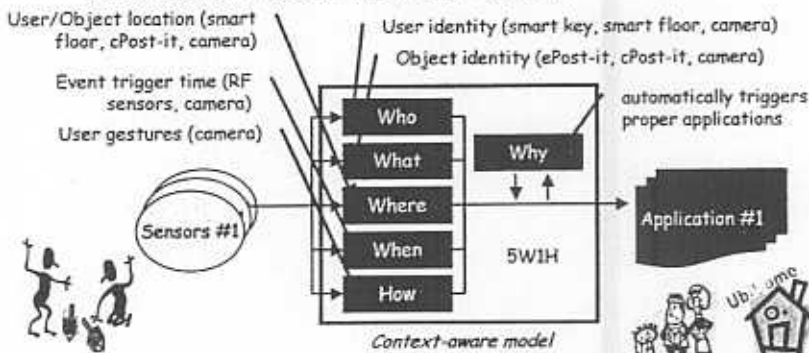


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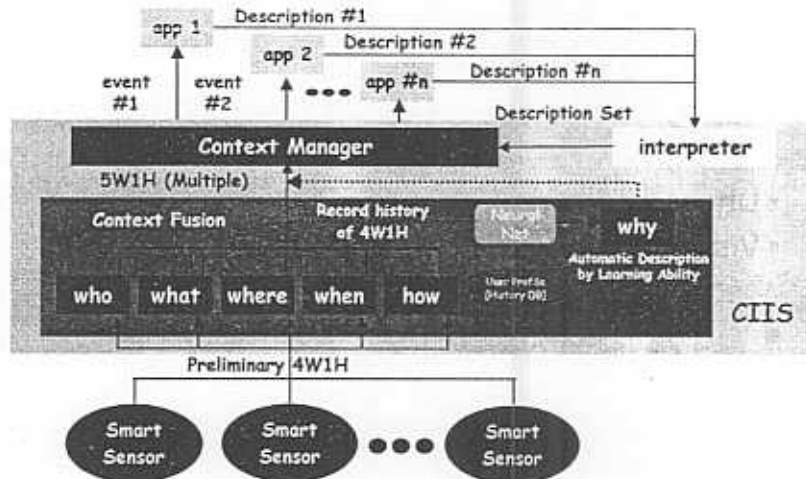
▪ How to find context?

- Pervasive sensing:
 - E.g., Smart Floor/Key, ePost-it/cPost-it, etc.
- Info fusion:
 - data, feature, decision, context fusion



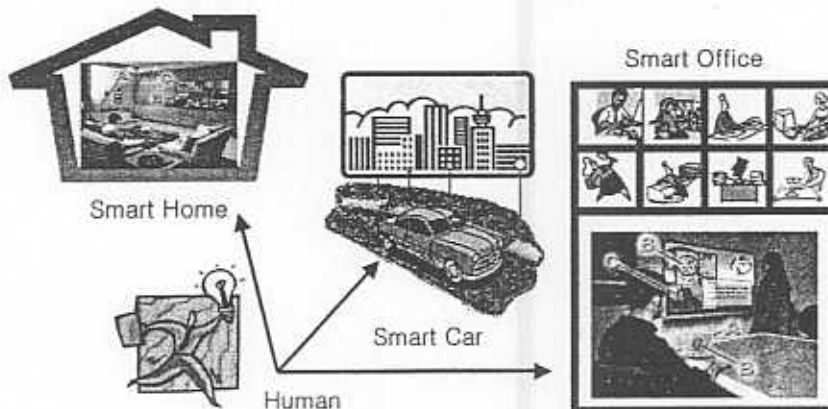
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▪ CIIS: Context Fusion Model



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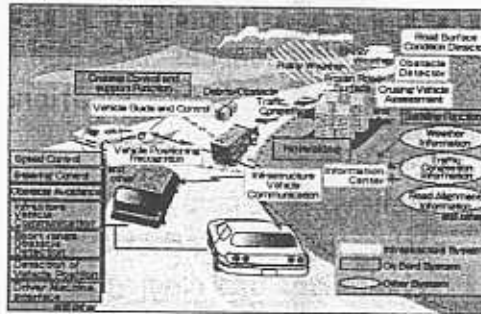
- My Vision:
 - First, we will start with



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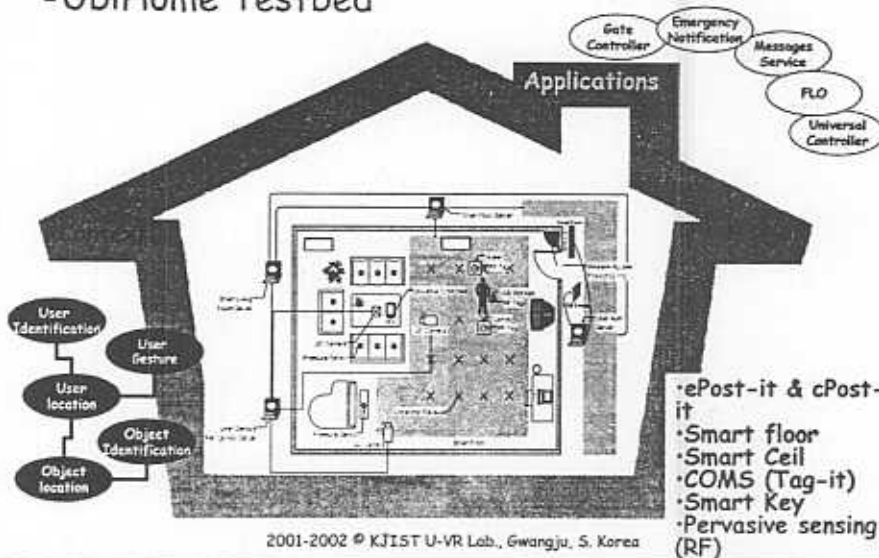
- Why Smart Car?
 - Power/energy, cost, size/weight, UI, tracking, etc.
- Related Projects
 - Daimler Chrysler, GM, etc.
 - Will Consumers Accept Smart Vehicles?



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▪ UbiHome Testbed



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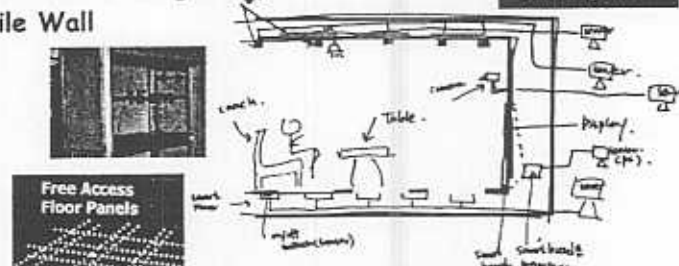
- Why Smart Home?
 - People spend more time in their homes in any other space
 - Home provides a safe and comfortable space where to relax, communicate, learn and be entertained
 - Connect with family/friends, conduct business, manage resources, maintain health, etc.
 - Invest time, money, emotional energy, etc.
- Obstacles: People...
 - Believe that computer make life more complex
 - Wary of the aesthetic, financial and cognitive challenges of bringing new tech into their homes

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- Concept: Box-in-the-Box
 - Room-type structure built inside a room
 - Key Mechanisms
 - Universal Device Attachment
 - Modular Wall/Ceiling/Floor Panel
 - Double Wall/Ceiling/Floor
 - Mobile Wall



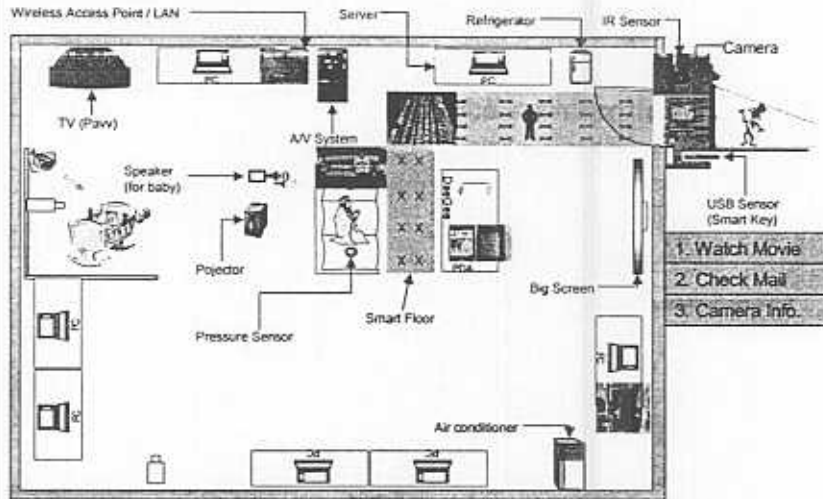
Box-in-the-Box



Figures from Small Space Lab(SLL) Project, Keio University, JAPAN

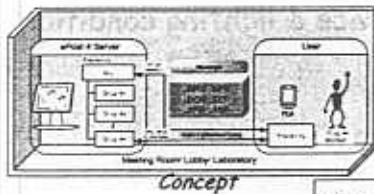
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UbiHome Testbed

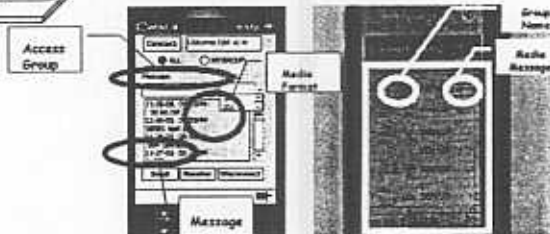


ePost-it

- to share media information with unspecified people in shared space



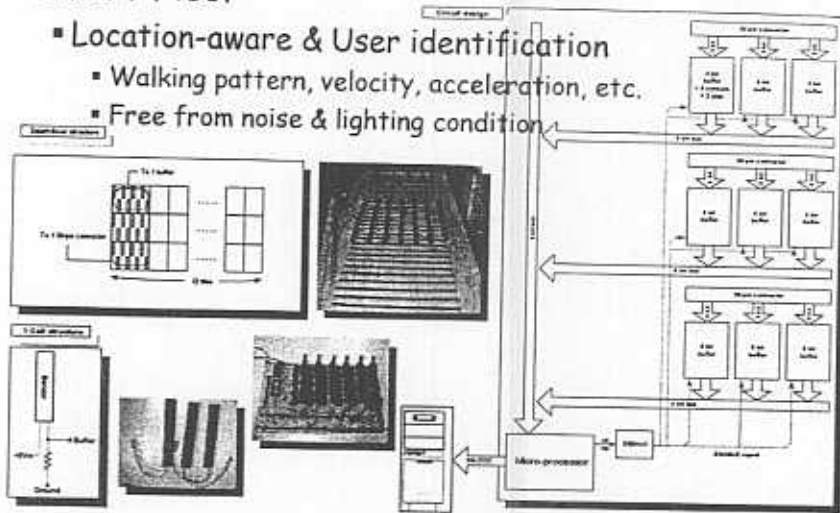
Windows CE based Application Version
Web based Application Version



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Smart Floor

- Location-aware & User identification
 - Walking pattern, velocity, acceleration, etc.
 - Free from noise & lighting condition



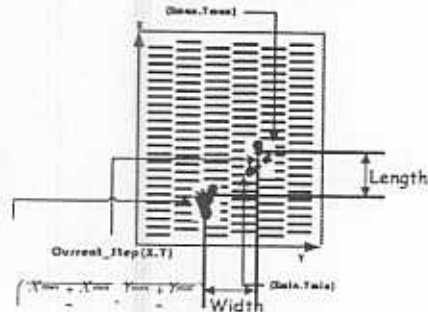
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Smart Floor(2)

- Location-aware & User identification
- Two Step Information (Length, Width, Time, etc.)
- Free from cumbersome device & lighting condition



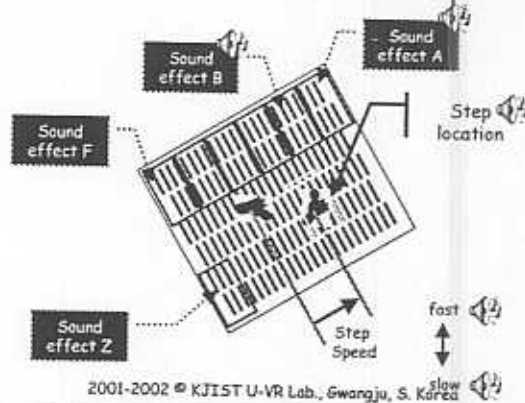
<Smart Floor System>



<Smart Floor Concept>

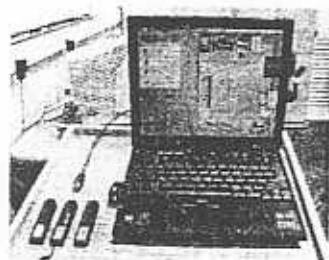
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- Dance Floor
 - Application of Smart Floor
 - Play a background music based on step speed
 - Make an effect sound based on step location

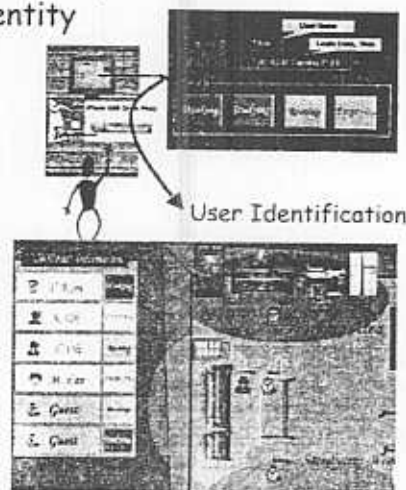


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- Smart Key with USB memory stick
 - To recognizes user's identity
 - To carry user's profile

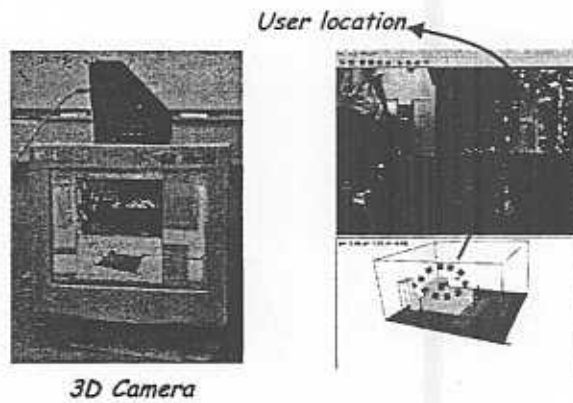


Smart Key System



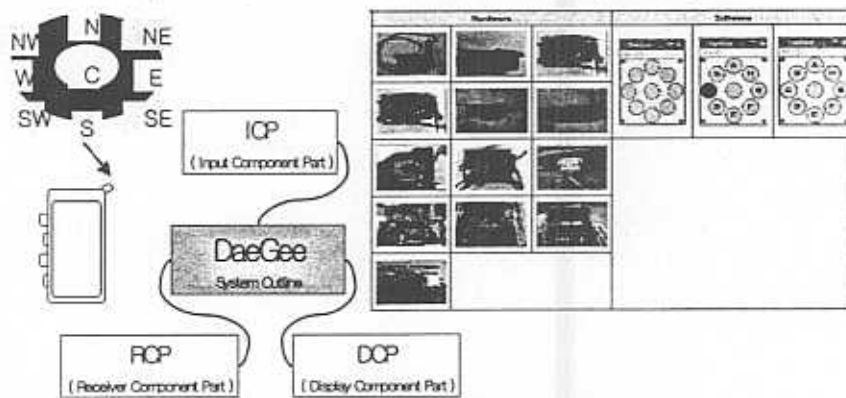
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- Smart Camera
 - Track user's location in 3D space



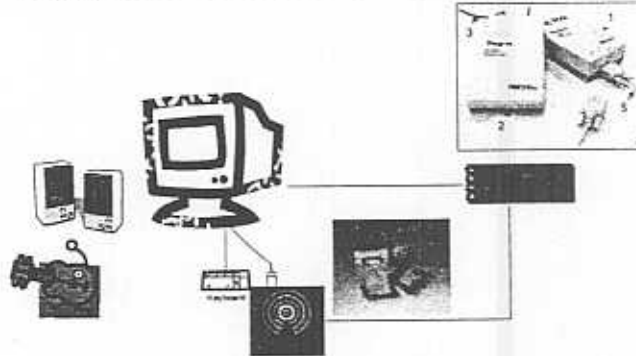
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- DaeGee
 - One Hand Multimode Input Device
 - Integrated controller + wearable input device



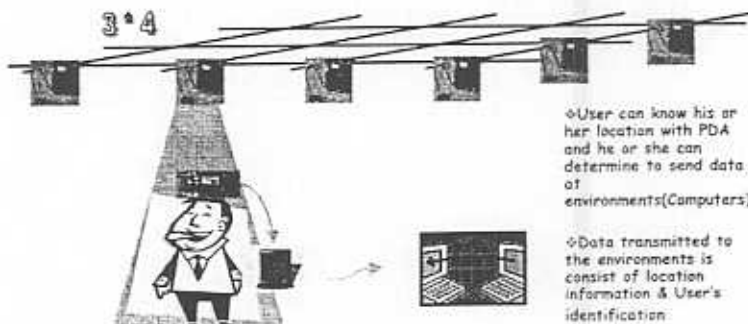
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- Tangible Music Player
 - Tangible CD Player can play a music when user just touches RF transponder into RF reader.
 - RF transponder contains information of the music.



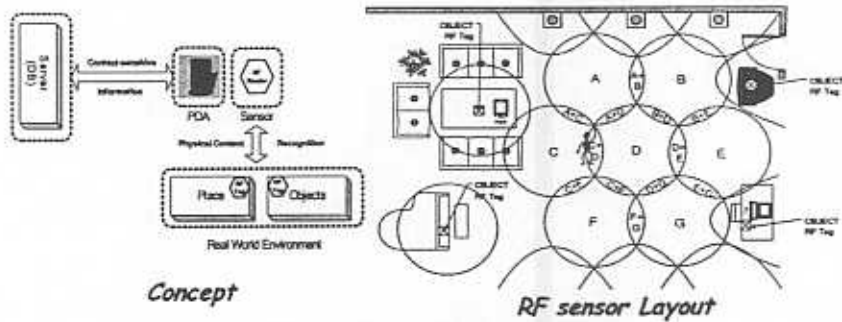
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- Smart Ceiling
 - User's Location-aware & identification
 - Object's identification
 - IR sensing -> User/Object Info. from PDA or DB



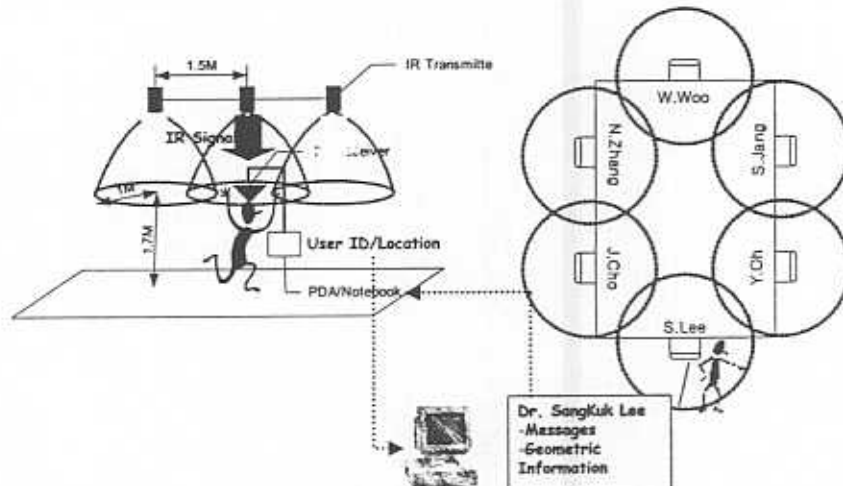
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- cPost-it
 - Context-based ePost-it: advanced ePost-it
 - Recognize object with RF sensor
 - Augment the object (real) with information (virtual)



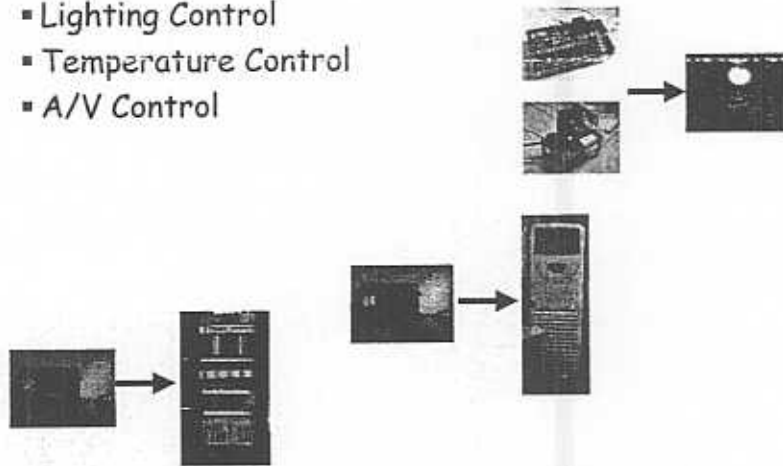
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- cPost-it



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- Controller for Home Appliances
 - Lighting Control
 - Temperature Control
 - A/V Control



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- U-VR Testbeds
 - WearMIRS: Wearable Multimedia Information Retrieval Simulation System
 - Just-in-time media retrieval w/ video-see-through HMD
 - AR Keyboard: VKB (virtual keyboard)
 - Augment virtual keyboard & track finger position
 - Tele-Education System: Cooking Class



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▪ Applications with HMD

- Manufacturing
- Medicine
- Military
- Architecture
- Etc.



MAGIC



Context compass



Wearable Conferencing Spaces



Tinmith



ARQuake



MARS (Columbia U.)

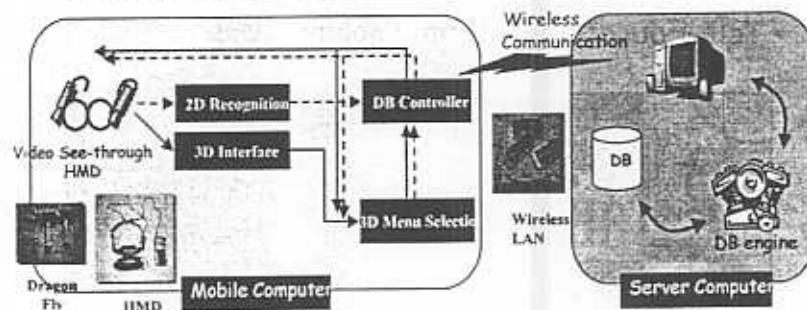


TOWNWEAR

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▪ WearMIRS

- Wearable Media Information Retrieval System
- Context-awareness using a vision sensor
- Natural Interface and interaction
- Multimedia Information Retrieval



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- WearMIRS: Interface/Interaction
 - Stereo Camera, Natural Interaction
 - 3D Video See-through HMD
 - Augmented Reality based on 3D Info.



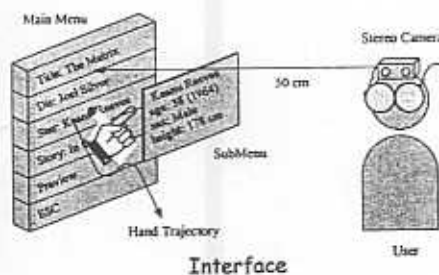
Barcode recognition



Natural interaction



Video clip augmentation (far & near)



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- AR Keyboard
 - Related works
 - SAIT Scurry™
 - VBK (virtual keyboard)
 - Concept
 - 3D Video See-through HMD
 - Physical keyboard is not necessary
 - Both hands are free
 - Procedure
 - Set reference points on a real object
 - Augment virtual keyboard
 - Recognize & track finger position
 - Execute corresponding tasks/sound generation



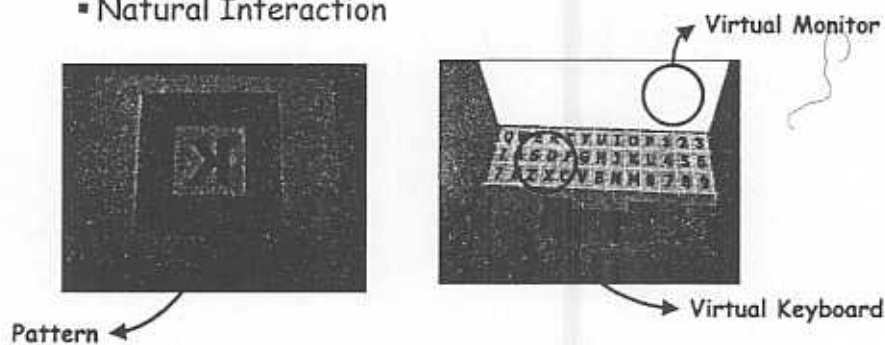
Scurry™



VBK (<http://www.vkb.co.il/>)

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- AR Keyboard: Interface/Interaction
 - USB camera or IEEE 1394 camera
 - Augmented Reality using ARToolKit
 - 3D Video See-through HMD
 - Natural Interaction



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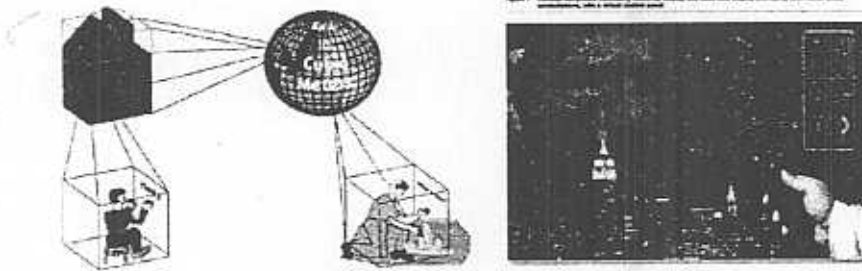
- Tele-education system
 - Concepts: for more effective educational env.
 - *Wearable Computing is needed!!*
 - Merge real environment with instructions
 - User can get the lectures anytime and anywhere
 - Example Scenario: *Cooking Class*



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- What comes after the WWW?
- WorldBoard (UW):
 - A planetary AR system associating info w/ places
 - Goal: to allow users to
 - post messages on 6 faces of cubic in space
 - experience any info. in any place registered with reality



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- WorldBoard: 4 primary components
 - Pervasive Computing
 - a continuum from laptop PC to wearable computers to computers embedded in the environment
 - Positioning Proximity Detection Systems
 - Input/Output
 - Mediated and Augmented Reality
 - Channels/Filters/Searching
 - Personalization of Interactions and Data

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▪ Location-aware Applications

▪ Why?

- Systems for obtaining information about the surrounding environment are the most popular type of context-aware applications
- Car navigation systems using GPS
- Location-based information services with Mobile phone

▪ Applications

- Museum & Exhibition
- Finding people: family, friends, etc.
- Tour guide
 - restaurant, etc.



What about Military Applications?





▪ WearComp @ GATECH

Wearable computers

The U.S. military's Land Warrior prototype system gear and computer hardware.

Radio/CPU
GPS locator device and radio are built into backpack computer, powered by rechargeable battery.

Weapon System
Modified M-16 or M-4 carbine has a daylight video scope that allows the soldier to use the gun as a video camera with helmet display.



Head-Mounted Display
Shows battle plans and soldier positions transmitted over a wireless network. With headset and microphone.

Soldier Control Unit
System interface is strapped to the chest, with buttons also mounted near weapons trigger finger.

Source: Department of Defense



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▪ WearComp @ GATECH

- Cloth (video)
- Shoes (quicktime)



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- Moving to The Battlefield
 - ISR: 감시 정찰
 - C4I: 지휘 통제 (Command, control, comm., computer, info)
 - PGM: 정밀타격
- How to?
 - 지능화: 전투장비, 무기, 군수물자, 군사시설의 지능화
 - 네트워크화: 군사훈련, 국방/전술 공간의 네트워크화
- Why UbiComp?
 - 전술적 센싱 추적 능력 확대:
 - 사람과 사물의 상태변화 감시와 상태의 실시간 추적
 - 고도화된 전술적 지식의 교환 공유 가능
 - 아군과 적군의 군사사물에 대한 상태변화 정보를 다차원적으로 제공
 - 전술부대의 커뮤니티 파워 증대
 - 군사작전 수행에 필요한 실시간 정보 커뮤니케이션을 구현

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- Moving to The Battlefield
 - Why do we need ubiComp in a military engagement?
 - We need technology that provides the right information to the right people at the right time in the right form in a distraction interaction
 - The Army Land Warrior Program[6]



(a) T&DCS



(b) SCU



(c) demonstration

How can the war fighter use all this equipment while focusing his attention on the mission and staying alive?

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- Moving to The Battlefield
 - Why do we need ubiComp in a military engagement?
 - The Army Land Warrior Program[6]
 - How would ubiComp help the war fighter?
 - How information can flow to the war fighter such that the least possible cognitive load is needed to obtain and utilize that information
 - Portable computers?
 - Smaller, lighter, easier to use
 - interaction through voice and HMD
 - War fighter's situations/need can change rapidly
 - Operate in daylight, darkness, noise, and silence
 - Heat, cold, hunger, fatigue, stress affects the ability to use information devices

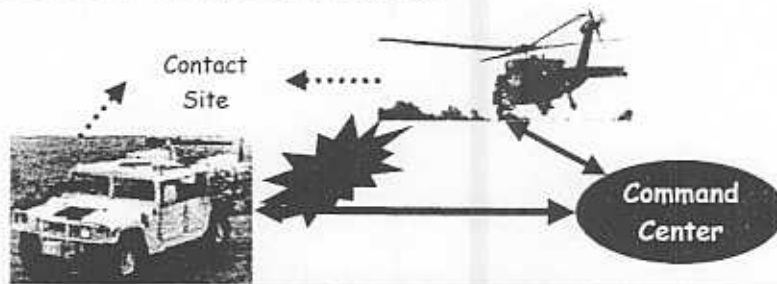
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- Moving to The Battlefield
 - Why do we need ubiComp in a military engagement?
 - How would ubiComp help the war fighter?
 - What information is delivered, the amount of information delivered, and the modality used for delivery
 - The war fighter should not have to continually request information
 - Information that is critical to his situation should be automatically retrieved and delivered
 - Network?
 - Current network models are designed for static environment

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- Moving to The Battlefield
 - Why do we need ubiComp in a military engagement?
 - How would ubiComp help the war fighter?
 - Scenario: Black Hwak Down[7]

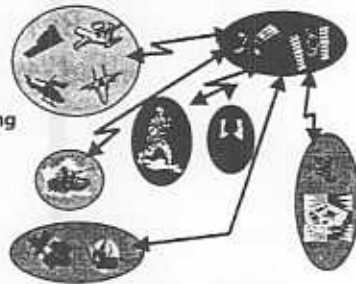


The appropriate information is vital to increasing the lethality & survivability of the force

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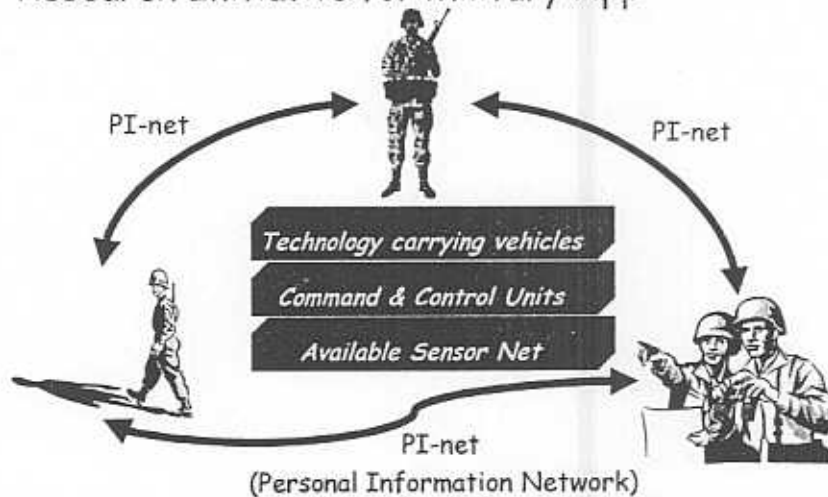
▪ Moving to The Battlefield

- Lethality
 - Accurate weapons using thermal info
 - HMD for detecting, recognizing, and aiming at target
- Survivability
 - Alert system of danger
 - Protect soldiers (bulletproof vest)
 - Cooling/heating system
 - Monitoring soldier's vital signs, wound
- Mobility
 - Modular components (clothes, devices)
 - Light-weight system
 - Land-mine detecting system
- Sustainment
 - Food, water cleaning, power supply system
- Command & control
 - Voice & data communication
 - GPS, digital map



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▪ Research Initiative for Military App



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▪ Research Initiative for Military App

- To reduce the barrier to information access
- To support seamless, nomadic use
 - Methodology for representing/monitoring the environments
 - Allows the task to migrate from one set of resource to another
 - Capability of running on vastly diverse platforms
 - Supports the migration of tasks among highly diverse devices/OS
 - Automating replication, migration, and consistency of data with a virtual information space
 - Provides nomadic data access

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- Research Initiative for Military App
 - The architecture and architectural components
 - to support a vast array of heterogeneous devices & resource constraints in a dynamic and hostile environment
 - Monitor of the systems
 - To manage the situational information & to support mobility
 - Self-organization
 - Composition of heterogeneous object at the device & network level
 - Resource management
 - Respond to the dynamic environmental changes
 - Connectivity
 - Prioritization algorithm & algorithm for intermittent connectivity
 - Self-configuration
 - The personal body network carried by the warrior
 - The larger network btw the individuals and their mobile spaces

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- Research Initiative for Military App
 - Proactive HCI
 - The current model of interaction
 - All tasking is done explicitly by the user
 - Ubiquitous/Wearable computing
 - Enable the computer system to make UI, based on sensory input, about the user's information needs and meet those needs without explicit intervention
 - Provide technologies to recognize user intent and to provide the appropriate actions
 - Sensing & context-aware
 - to support fusion, abstraction, and inferencing from a number of sensors along with mission and task information

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- Summary:
 - U-VR: When UbiComp meets VR
 - My vision: What happen in 10 years?
 - What's UbiComp & WearComp?
 - What's U-VR? Why? & How?
 - U-VR Applications

Thank You!



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- Discussions & More information
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Thank You!



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▪ KJIST U-VR Lab (Since Feb. 2001)

▪ Members :

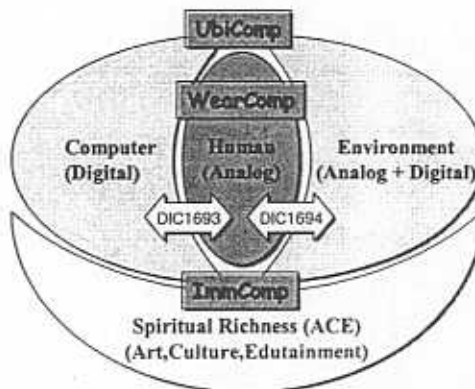
- 1 faculty member
- 3 Ph.D candidates
- 7 M.S. candidates



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▪ Main focus of KJIST U-VR Lab

- Goal: to increase "Quality of Life"
- Focus: UPI for holistic smart environment

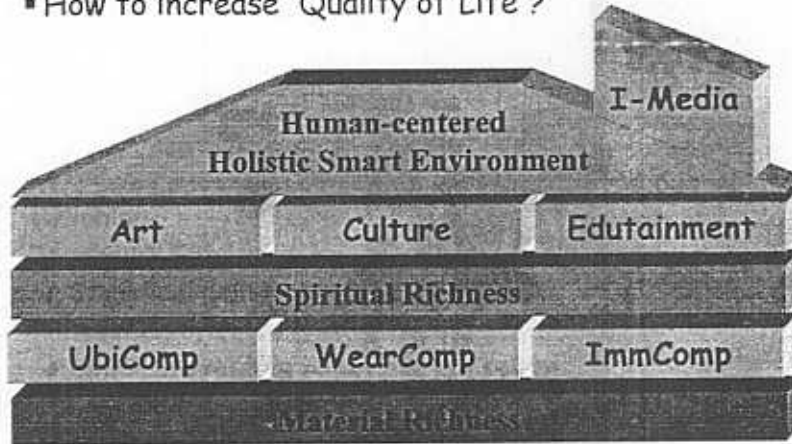


- What's Holistic Smart?
 - Material & Spiritual richness
- What's UPI?
 - Ubiquitous computing/communications (Environment)
 - UbiComp: Pervasive sensing, Context-aware
 - Personalized computing/communications (HUMAN)
 - WearComp: AR for 3D HMD, Emotional agents
 - Immersive computing/communications (Interaction)
 - ImmComp: (Networked) I-cubed media systems

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▪ Strategy

- How to increase "Quality of Life"?



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- [1] Jean Scholtz, "ubiquitous computing in the military environment",
<http://www.darpa.mil/ito/research/uc/SPIE-f.pdf>
- [2] <http://research.microsoft.com/easyliving/>
- [3] <http://www.research.ibm.com/thinkresearch/pervasive.shtml>
- [4] <http://cooltown.hp.com/cooltownhome/index.asp>
- [5] <http://tangible.media.mit.edu/>
- [6] <http://www.army.mil/soldiers/dec2000/pdfs/awe.pdf>
- [7] http://www.apple.com/trailers/columbia/black_hawk_down/
- [8] <http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~aura>
- [9] <http://endeavour.cs.berkeley.edu>
- [10] <http://www.cc.gatech.edu/projects/infosphere/>
- [11] <http://lazowska.cs.washington.edu/presentations/portolano.ppt>

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